

$$\begin{aligned} &\xrightarrow{d, c, N} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left\{ (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(n-1)}{2}} \right\}^2 q^n}{(zq)_n (z^{-1}q)_n} \\ &\rightarrow \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(zq)_n (z^{-1}q)_n} \end{aligned}$$

13/10/21

MA 633 - Partition Theory - Lec. 26

$$\begin{aligned} &\Rightarrow \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(zq)_n (z^{-1}q)_n} \\ &= \frac{1}{(q)_{\infty}} \left\{ 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} (1+q^n) \left[\frac{1 - (1-q^n)}{1+q^n} \left\{ \frac{1}{1-zq^n} + \frac{z^{-1}q^n}{1-z^{-1}q^n} \right\} \right] \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{(q)_{\infty}} \left\{ 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} (1+q^n) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} \frac{(1-q^n)}{1-zq^n} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} \frac{(1-q^n)z^{-1}}{1-z^{-1}q^n} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

Note that

$$1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} (1+q^n)$$

$$= 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}}$$

$$(n \rightarrow -n)$$



$$= 1 + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} = (q; q)_{\infty} \quad (\text{Euler's pent. no. thm.})$$

$$= \frac{1}{(q)_{\infty}} \left\{ (q)_{\infty} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} (1-q^n) \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} z^m q^{mn} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} (1-q^n) \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} z^{-m} q^{mn} \right\} \quad \text{--- (A)}$$

$$\text{But } \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(zq)_n (z^{-1}q)_n} = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} N(m, n) z^m q^n \quad \text{--- (B)}$$

Now compare the coeff. of z^m , $m > 0$, on both sides to complete the proof.

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} N(m, n) q^n = \frac{1}{(q)_{\infty}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2} + mn} (1-q^n)$$

Thm. 43 (Garvan) For $|q| < 1, |z| < 1$ &
 $|q| < |z| < |q|^{-1}$, we have

$$-1 + \frac{1}{1-z} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(zq)_n (z^{-1}q)_n} = \frac{z}{(q)_{\infty}} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n}$$

Proof:

From previous theorem, we have ^{sum} Level 1-3 Appell-Lerch

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(zq)_n (z^{-1}q)_n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(q)_{\infty}} \left\{ 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} (1+q^n) \left[1 - \frac{(1-q^n)}{1+q^n} \left\{ \frac{1}{1-zq^n} + \frac{z^{-1}q^n}{1-z^{-1}q^n} \right\} \right] \right\}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{(q)_{\infty}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} (1-q^n) \left\{ \frac{1}{1-zq^n} + \frac{z^{-1}q^n}{1-z^{-1}q^n} \right\}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{z^{-1}}{(q)_{\infty}} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} ' (-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}} \frac{1-q^n}{1-z^{-1}q^n} \quad \text{---} \textcircled{*}$$

(\sum' implies the $n=0$ term is omitted.)

since $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}} \frac{(1-q^n)}{1-z^{-1}q^n}$

$$\stackrel{n \rightarrow -n}{=} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} \frac{(1-q^{-n})}{1-z^{-1}q^{-n}}$$

$$\text{But } \frac{1-q^{-n}}{1-z^{-1}q^{-n}} = \frac{1-\frac{1}{q^n}}{1-\frac{z^{-1}}{q^n}} = \frac{q^n-1}{q^n-z^{-1}}$$

$$= \frac{1-q^n}{z^{-1}(1-zq^n)}$$

$$\text{Hence. } \frac{z^{-1}}{(q)_\infty} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}} \frac{1-q^n}{1-z^{-1}q^n}$$

$$= \frac{z^{-1}}{(q)_\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} \frac{1-q^n}{z^{-1}(1-zq^n)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(q)_\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n-1)}{2}} \left(\frac{1-q^n}{1-zq^n} \right)$$

Replacing z by z^{-1} in $(*)$, we get

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(zq)_n (z^{-1}q)_n}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{z}{(q)_\infty} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}} \frac{1-q^n}{1-zq^n}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{z}{(q)_\infty} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n} + \frac{z}{(q)_\infty} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (-1)^n \frac{q^{\frac{3n(n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n}$$

(= 0 by Euler's PNT)

$$= 1 + \frac{z}{(q)_\infty} \left\{ \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}}}{(1-zq^n)} + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n} + 1 - (q)_\infty \right.$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{3n(n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n} \right\}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{z}{(q)_\infty} \left\{ 1 + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{3n(n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n} \right.$$

$$\left. - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{n(3n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n} (1 - (1-zq^n)) - (q)_\infty \right\}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{z}{(q)_\infty} \left\{ 1 + (1-z) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{3n(n+1)}{2}}}{(1-zq^n)} + (q)_\infty \right\}$$

$$= 1 - z + \frac{z}{(q)_\infty} \left(1 + (1-z) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{3n(n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n} \right)$$

Dividing both sides by $1-z$, we get

$$\frac{1}{1-z} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(zq)_n (z^{-1}q)_n}$$

$$= \frac{1+z}{(q)_\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-z} + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{3n(n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow -1 + \frac{1}{1-z} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{q^{n^2}}{(zq)_n (z^{-1}q)_n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(q)_\infty} \left\{ \frac{z}{1-z} + z \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{3n(n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{z}{(q)_\infty} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n q^{\frac{3n(n+1)}{2}}}{1-zq^n}$$

